

BLS

1. Initial Assessment/Care (**Protocol 1**).
2. Attempt to identify any medications or products taken. Save any drug vials, pills, or material.
3. Manage the Airway (**Protocol 7P**)
4. Manage active seizures (**Protocol 16P**).
5. Treat anaphylactic reactions (**Protocol 17P**).
6. Contact the Poison Control Center, [1-800-222-1222](tel:1-800-222-1222) for assistance in managing specific overdoses. If a telephone is not available, have MEDCOM contact the Poison Control Center.
7. When contacting the Poison Control Center, the following information should be provided and documented on the Florida EMS Report:
 - a) Patient's name/age
 - b) Patient's weight
 - c) Vital signs
 - d) Medication(s) name. (trade, generic, chemical). Spell it out
 - e) Dose or strength
 - f) Amount of product taken
 - g) Active ingredients
 - h) Time taken
 - i) Does the medication belong to the patient?
 - j) Any history of medication allergies

NOTE: Spell out the medication(s) name so that it will not be confused with other similar sounding medication(s). Example: Zantac, Xanax.

8. If the Poison Control Center recommends the patient be seen at an Emergency Department, inquire from the Poison Center as to the most appropriate method of transport (i.e. ALS, BLS, or private vehicle).
9. Follow all recommendations from the Poison Control Center as to possible antidotes, mode of transport (if any), and follow-up care.



10. If the overdose/poisoning is related to a known or suspected suicide attempt, law enforcement should be requested and patient will be transported ALS to the closest appropriate hospital.
11. It is required to document the Poison Control Center contact person's name in the Narrative section of the ePCR.